- nonmetal atoms that share electrons a)
- b) metal atoms that share protons
- c) nonmetal atoms that share protons
- d) metal atoms that share electrons

12) Which compound a CCl4	contains <i>both</i> covalent and b) KCl	l ionic bonds? c) MgCl ₂	d) NH ₄ Cl
		drogen to form molectionic bonds hydrogen bonds	ules. These
14) The bond between a) covalent and b) ionic and no		a water molecule is cla ionic and polar covalent and polar	ssified as
15) Which is a nonpole a) I ₂	ar molecule containing a no b) CO2	onpolar covalent bond? c) NH3	d) H₂O
16) Which diagram be	est represents a polar covo	alent molecule?	
a) (b) (c) (d) (
HC	NaCl	Cl ₂	H ₂
17) Which molecule is	nonpolar due to a symmet b) NH 3 c)	rical distribution of c HCl d) H2	•
a) networkb) nonpolarc) hydroger	n boiling point of water is bonds between the molecule character of the molecule bonds between the molecules ructure of the molecules	ules es	
19) Which substance a) AgCl	will conduct electricity in b) HCl	<i>both</i> the solid phase a	and the liquid phase? d) H ₂
20) Which formula re a) Al ₂ O ₃	presents a molecular subs <mark>b) <i>CO</i></mark>	tance? c) CaO	d) Li ₂ O
21) Which molecule co a) :NEN:	ontains a polar covalent books in the second		d) O=O

) equally, and the resul) unequally, and the res	•		
	equally, and the resul			
mob	ich of the following soli oile electrons?			in a sea of
a) O ₂	2	b) Cu	c) CuO	d) SiO ₂
<u>Short</u>	Answer Questio	ns:		
24) In t	he boxes below, draw a (1) an atom of hyd (2) an atom of oxy (3) a molecule of w	rogen gen	-dot structure for: (3 pts.)
25)	(1) hydrogen	(2) oxygen	(3) water	
23)	Bond A	\	nd B	
		hich bond A and bond E hey are different. (2 pt		and
	b) Draw the Lewis ele Label any partial c	ectron-dot diagrams fo harges. (2 pts.)	r the two molecules ab	ove.
	HCI		Br ₂	
	c) Is HCl a polar or no	onpolar molecule? [Exp	lain why.] (2 pts.)	

22) The electrons in a bond between two iodine atoms (I_2) are shared

a) unequally, and the resulting bond is polar

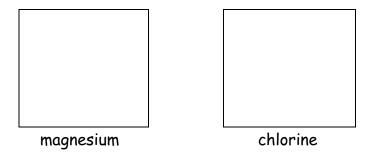
30) In the laboratory, a student compares the properties of two unknown solids. The results of his experiment are reported in the data table below.

	Substance A	Substance B
Melting Point	low	high
Solubility in Water	nearly insoluble	soluble
Hardness	soft, waxy crystals	hard crystals
Electrical Conductivity	poor conductor in both solid and aqueous states	poor conductor in the solid state, but good conductor in the
		aqueous state

Predict the type of bonding in substance A. (1 pt.)

31)	Given the	e binary	compound	formed	from	magnesium	and	chlorine:

- a) Write the correct IUPAC name for this compound (1 pt.)
- b) Write the correct chemical formula for this compound (1 pt.)
- c) What type of bond forms between magnesium and chlorine? [Give one reason to support your answer.] (2 pts.)
- d) In the boxes below, draw the Lewis electron-dot structures for the elements Mg and Cl. (2 pts.)



e) In the box below, draw the Lewis electron-dot structure for the compound formed from magnesium and chlorine. [Include any charges or partial charges.] (1 pt.)

•	, in terms of electro han an H-I bond. (2	negativity, why an H-F bopts.)	ond is expect	ed to be more
33) Given t	he reaction:	$H_2 + Cl_2 \rightarrow 2HCl$		
	statement best desc reaction?	cribes the energy change	as bonds are	formed and broken
a)	The forming of the	e H-Cl bond releases ener	'9Y	
b)	_	e H-Cl bond absorbs ener		
c)	•	ne H-H bond releases ene	J.	
d)	The breaking of th	ne Cl-Cl bond releases ene	ergy	
34) When p	phosphorus and chlor	rine atoms combine to for	m a molecule	of PCl ₃ , 6 electrons
a) sh	ared equally	b) shared unequally	c) lost	d) gained
35) In the	box below, draw a Le	ewis electron-dot structu	re for a mole	cule of hydrogen.
		Hydrogen		
		, 5		

1	24) In the boxes below, draw a correct Lewis electron-dot structure for: (3 pts.)
2	(1) an atom of hydrogen
	(2) an atom of oxygen
3	(3) a molecule of water (H ₂ O)
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	(1) hydrogen (2) oxygen (3) water
9	25) H CI Br Br
10	\
11	Bond A Bond B
12	a) State one way in which bond A and bond B (above) are the same and
	one way in which they are different. (2 pts.)
13	
14	
15	
16	 b) Draw the Lewis electron-dot diagrams for the two molecules above. Label any partial charges. (2 pts.)
17	
18	
19	
20	HCI Br ₂
21	
	c) Is HCl a polar or nonpolar molecule? [Explain why.] (2 pts.)
22	
23	
	26) Write the correct IUPAC chemical formula for the following compounds (1 pt. each)
	1) barium chloride
	2) iron (III) bromide
	3) dihydrogen monoxide
	4) magnesium nitrate
	5) sodium bromide

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1) CF₄

2) N₂S₃ _____

3) MgO _____

4) NaOH _____

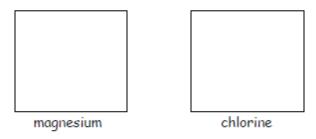
- 28) Metals like copper are often used in electrical wiring.
 - a) Name two properties of metals that makes them useful in electrical wiring (2 pts.)
 - Explain how metallic bonding between copper atoms can account for each of these properties (1 pt.)
- 29) Describe the role of valence electrons in: (1 pt. each)
 - 1) an ionic bond
 - 2) a covalent bond
 - 3) a metallic bond

30) In the laboratory, a student compares the properties of two unknown solids. The results of his experiment are reported in the data table below.

	Substance A	Substance B
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Hardness	soft, waxy crystals	hard crystals
Electrical Conductivity	poor conductor in both solid and aqueous states	poor conductor in the solid state, but good conductor in the agueous state

Predict the type of bonding in substance A. (1 pt.)

- 31) Given the binary compound formed from magnesium and chlorine:
 - a) Write the correct IUPAC name for this compound (1 pt.)
 - b) Write the correct chemical formula for this compound (1 pt.)
 - c) What type of bond forms between magnesium and chlorine? [Give one reason to support your answer.] (2 pts.)
 - d) In the boxes below, draw the Lewis electron-dot structures for the elements Mg and Cl. (2 pts.)



e) In the box below, draw the Lewis electron-dot structure for the compound formed from magnesium and chlorine. [*Include any charges or partial charges.*] (1 pt.)

32) Explain, in terms of electronegativity, why an H-F bond is expected to be more polar than an H-I bond. (2 pts.)

33) Given the reaction:

$$H_2 + Cl_2 \rightarrow 2HCl$$

Which statement best describes the energy change as bonds are formed and broken in this reaction?

- a) The forming of the H-Cl bond releases energy
- b) The forming of the H-Cl bond absorbs energy
- c) The breaking of the H-H bond releases energy
- d) The breaking of the Cl-Cl bond releases energy
- 34) When phosphorus and chlorine atoms combine to form a molecule of PCl_3 , 6 electrons will be
 - a) shared equally
- b) shared unequally
- c) lost
- d) gained
- 35) In the box below, draw a Lewis electron-dot structure for a molecule of hydrogen.

Hydrogen